**Grove Ward Profile**

**Population**
The 2011 Census population of Grove was 5,875. The population had increased by 60 people since 2001, approximately 1.0%. Compared to 10.0% for Basingstoke and Deane and 7.9% for the South East.

**5,875**

2011 Census Population

In addition to the usually resident population, there were 105 schoolchildren and students that lived outside the ward during term-time.

**Length of Residence**
11.0% of the population were born outside the UK. The majority (51.0%) of these people had lived in the UK for 10 or more years.

The population had aged since 2001. The percentage of the population aged 45 and over increased by 13.5%, whilst the population aged under 45 decreased by 9.1%. If the entire population had increased by 60 people since 2001, the middle person would have been 42 years old. Compared to 39 for Basingstoke and Deane and 40 for the South East. This is known as the median age.

The majority (59.7%) of these people had lived in the UK for 10 or more years. The figure had declined by 17.5% since 2001. 29.0% had no religion, which was an increase of 59.1% since 2001.

**Religion**

- 56.1% Christian
- 4.6% Hindu
- 4.4% Muslim
- 3.4% Sikh
- 1.1% Other
- 4.7% Other religion
- 2.8% Religion not stated
- 4.0% No religion

The majority of residents were Christian (59.7%) but this figure had declined by 17.5% since 2001. 29.0% had no religion, which was an increase of 59.1% since 2001.

**Main Language**

94.5% spoke English as their main language

- Polish and Chinese were the other most common main languages

**Ethnic Group**

- 87.7% White British

Non-White British ethnicities made up 12.3% of the ward’s population (shown on the chart).
Economic Activity

- **Occupation**

  Top five occupations:
  1. Administrative occupations (11.1%)
  2. Elementary administration & service occupations (8.6%)
  3. Science research, engineering & technology professionals (8.4%)
  4. Business & public service associate professionals (8.2%)
  5. Corporate managers & directors (7.6%)

  These top five occupations accounted for 43.9% of all the occupations in the ward. Since 2001, the percentage of the population employed in professional occupations (shown in blue) increased by 54.4%, whilst the percentage employed as managers, directors and senior officials (shown in purple) declined by 29.8%.

Nearly half (47.9%) of all residents aged 16-74 were working full-time in 2011, a decline of 4.8% since 2001. Those that were retired accounted for 14.2%, an increase of 7.9% since 2001. The percentage that were self-employed increased by 17.8%.

General Health

- 46.5% of the population were in very good health and a further 37.7% were in good health. Of those with bad or very bad health (3.6%), 50.5% were aged 65 and over.

Long-Term Health Problem or Disability

- The percentage with a health problem or disability increased with age. 44.1% of those aged 65 and over had their day to day activities limited, compared to 45.3% across the borough.

Method of Travel to Work

- Many (44.4%) of those aged 16-74 drove a car to work. The percentage travelling by car declined by 1.2% since 2001, whilst passenger in a car declined by 30.1%. The percentage travelling by train (+31.3%), and by bus (+22.0%), and working from home (+8.5%) all increased.

Provision of Unpaid Care

- The percentage of the population providing unpaid care to others increased by 11.7% over the decade.

Qualifications

- 17.5% of residents aged 16+ had no qualifications.

Source: Office for National Statistics 2001 and 2011 Censuses  Published by Policy, Performance and Grants - April 2020
The number of dwellings in Grove in 2011 was 2,605. This was an increase of 235 dwellings since 2001, approximately 9.9%. Compared to 13.0% for Basingstoke and Deane and 8.9% for the South East.

In addition to dwellings, there were 7 communal establishments in the ward, containing 25 people. These were care homes, hotels and youth hostels.

There were 2,540 households in Grove and these housed 5,850 people. Many households were occupied by married or civil partnership couple families (37.4%). Over a quarter (29.5%) of households were lived in by those that live alone, an increase of 16.0% since 2001. A fifth (20.9%) of households were occupied entirely by people aged 65 and over.

Over the decade, average household size declined from 2.46 to 2.30. Average household size was below the borough (2.40) and region (2.38) average.

Over the decade, the percentage of households that owned their home with a mortgage declined by 23.0%. Outright ownership increased by 20.6%, whilst private renting grew by 107.6%. Shared ownership increased substantially (315.5%), which was an increase of 20 households.

Over the decade, 14.4% of households had no access to a car or van, compared to 15.2% for Basingstoke and Deane as a whole. 2.2% had access to 4 or more cars or vans. There were 3,445 cars or vans.

The majority of households had 2 or more rooms than they needed (53.6%).
The chart shows Index of Multiple Deprivation data for each domain and both IDACI and IDAOPCI. It records how deprived each Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) in the ward was compared with all LSOAs in England. The closer each LSOA is to 100, the lower the deprivation. B&D 011D and B&D 011C were more deprived than the other LSOAs in the ward (LSOA boundaries are shown on the ward map).

Forecast Population and Dwelling Change, 2018-2025

- 70 more people
  Expected to be resident 2018-2025
- 99 more dwellings
  Expected to be built between 2018-2025
- 80 more older people
  (Aged 65 and over) expected by 2025

Small Area Population Forecasts show that the overall population is expected to increase (+1.1%), a long with dwellings (+3.7%) and older people (+6.7%).

Household Income, 2019

2019 income estimates for the ward gave a median household income of £37,840 and lower quartile household income of £22,210. These incomes are below the Basingstoke and Deane median of £39,810 and lower quartile of £22,810.

Jobs Available by Sector, 2018

Estimated to be 4,000 jobs in the ward. Main sectors:
- Wholesale (14.1%)
- Retail (14.1%)
- Professional, scientific & technical (14.1%)

Council Tax Bands, 2019

Grove had a larger percentage of dwellings in the lower council tax bands compared to Basingstoke and Deane as a whole, with 78.4% of dwellings in bands A, B, C, and D, compared to 72.6% for the borough overall.

House prices and sales, 2004-2018

The median house price for the ward was £310,000 in 2018, below the Basingstoke and Deane median of £321,000. There were 89 house sales in 2018, which was 2.9% of the borough's house sales. Since 2004, almost 200 newly built dwellings have been sold in the ward, with an annual peak of 52 dwellings in 2015.

Unemployed Benefit Claimant Count, 2005-2020

The number of unemployed benefit claimants peaked in March 2010. Numbers increased in recent years.
Grove Ward - The boundaries of this ward remained stable between the 2001 and 2011 Censuses. Therefore, data for 2001 and 2011 Censuses and all the other sources is published for the exact ward boundary.

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<td>Refers to all usual residents. General health is a self-assessment of a person’s general state of health.</td>
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<td>Occupation</td>
<td>Office for National Statistics</td>
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<td>All usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the census.</td>
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<td>Long-Term Health Problem or Disability</td>
<td>Office for National Statistics</td>
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<td>A self-defined long-term health problem or disability that limits a person’s day-to-day activities and has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months. This includes problems that are related to old age.</td>
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<td>This is the alternative version of the 2011 Census table, which is consistent with the 2001 version.</td>
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<td>Average household size is the number of usual residents living in households divided by the number of household spaces with at least one usual resident.</td>
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<td>Average household size is the number of usual residents living in households divided by the number of household spaces with at least one usual resident.</td>
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<td>Average household size is the number of usual residents living in households divided by the number of household spaces with at least one usual resident.</td>
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<td>Average household size is the number of usual residents living in households divided by the number of household spaces with at least one usual resident.</td>
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<td>Car Availability</td>
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<td>Average household size is the number of usual residents living in households divided by the number of household spaces with at least one usual resident.</td>
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<td>Occupancy Rating</td>
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<td>2016-based Small Area Population Forecasts and Dwelling Changes</td>
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<td>Population forecasts roll forward 2011 Census data to incorporate known births, deaths and dwelling completions and estimate migration. The forecast data includes all new households and new dwellings, including those not planned or located in local plans.</td>
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<td>Household Income, 2019</td>
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<td>Data is based on the number of employees in the ward.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Numbers are rounded to the nearest 5 people/dwellings/households/cars in the majority of Census data topics.

The accompanying ward profile Excel file contains the raw data used in all the ward profiles and comparisons to the borough average.